

Application of AIoT systems in medicine with emphasis to Wearable HealthCare (WHC)

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*Co-financed by the Innovation Fund of
Montenegro*

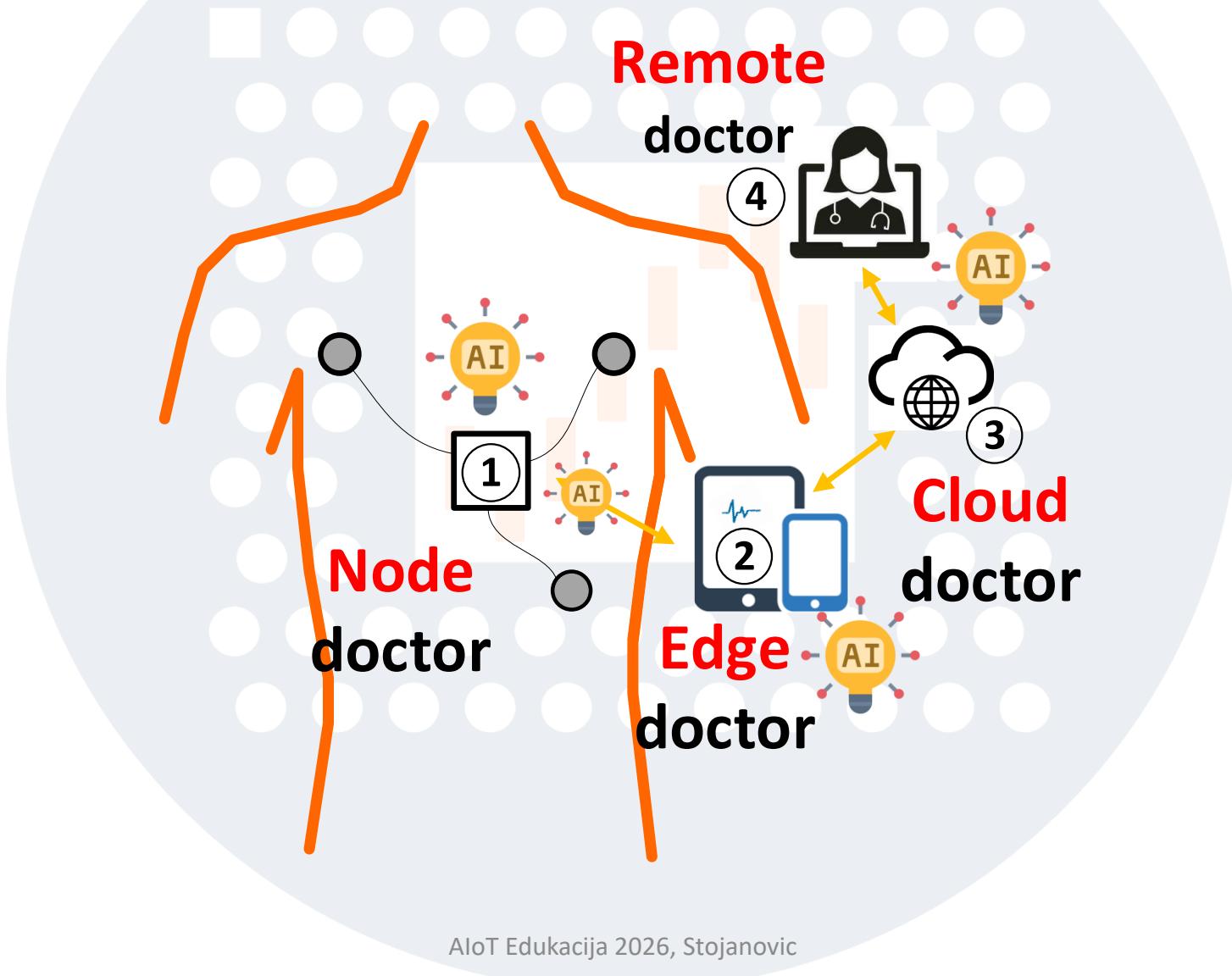


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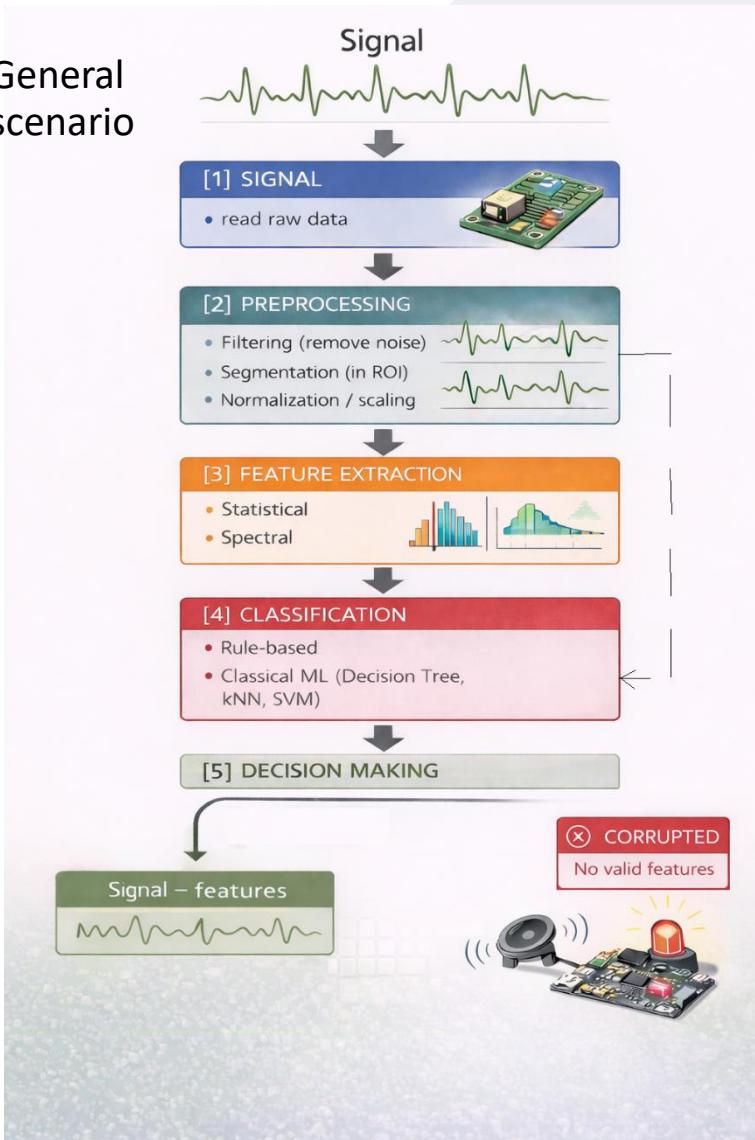


AIoT in WHC

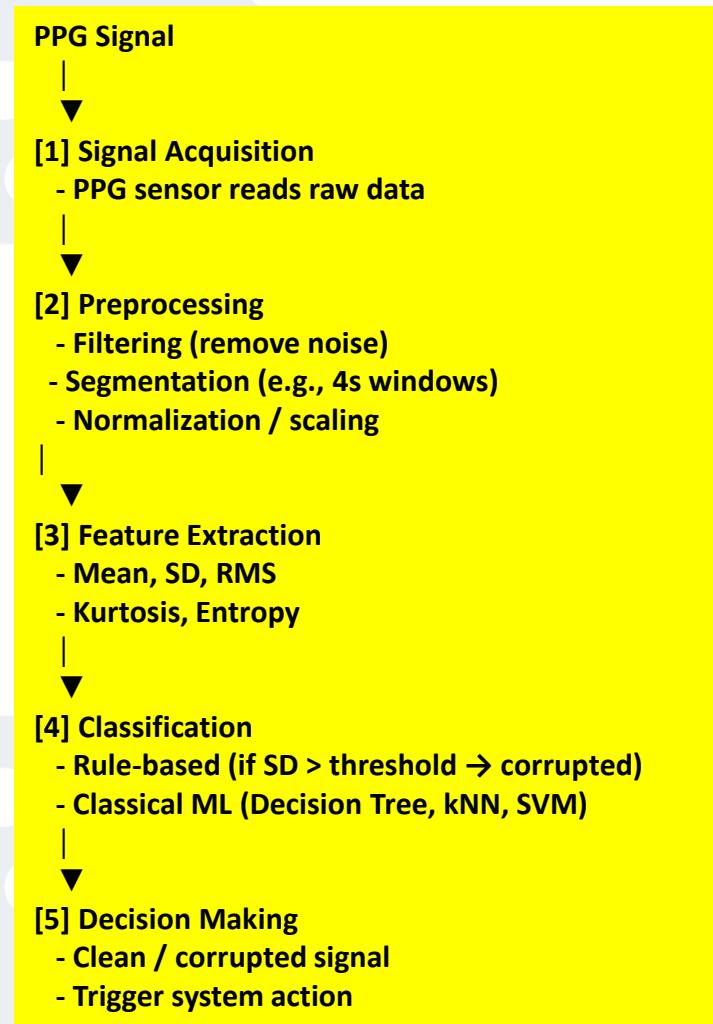


AI pipeline

- General scenario



- PPG signal scenario,
fs=32Hz, 4s, 128
samples



AI pipeline

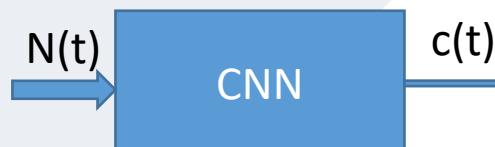
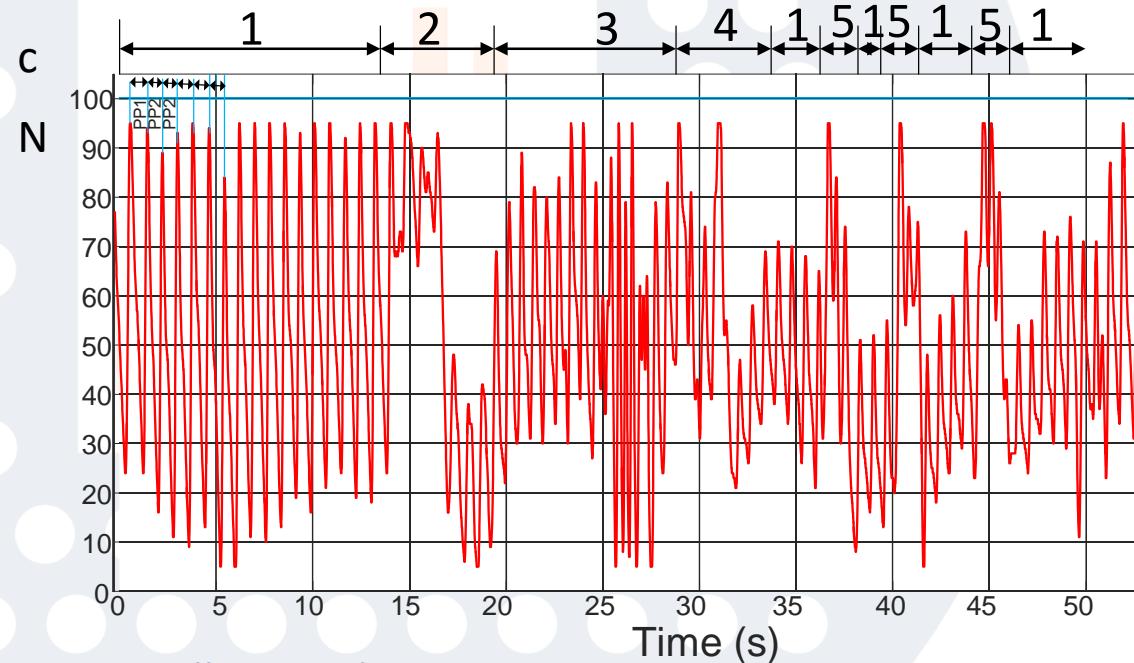
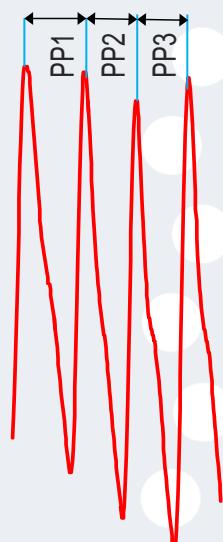
- **Historical perspective (BME)**

- 1950s–1960s: Signal Acquisition & Filtering
 - First ECG, EEG, and PPG devices
 - Analog filters to remove noise
- 1970s–1980s: Segmentation & Feature Extraction
 - Compute statistical features (mean, SD, RMS, kurtosis)
 - Early digital signal processing applied
- 1960s–1970s: Rule-Based Classification
 - Threshold-based detection
 - Example: "heart rate too high/low → alert"
- 1980s–1990s: Classical Machine Learning (CML)
 - Decision Trees (ID3, 1986)
 - k-Nearest Neighbors (1967)
 - Support Vector Machines (1990s)
- 2010s–Present ————— Embedded Microcontroller Implementation
 - Low-power MCUs: ATtiny85, Arduino
 - Pipelines: segmentation → normalization → feature extraction → rule-based/CML
- 2015s–Present ————— Stronger Architectures & Edge AI
 - 32-bit MCUs: STM32, ESP32
 - Nordic nRF52/nRF53 (Bluetooth + sensors)
 - Grove Vision & AI boards (camera + sensor fusion)
 - Can run lightweight neural networks (TensorFlow Lite, Edge Impulse)
 - More complex pipelines: feature extraction + small neural networks for classification

AI pipeline

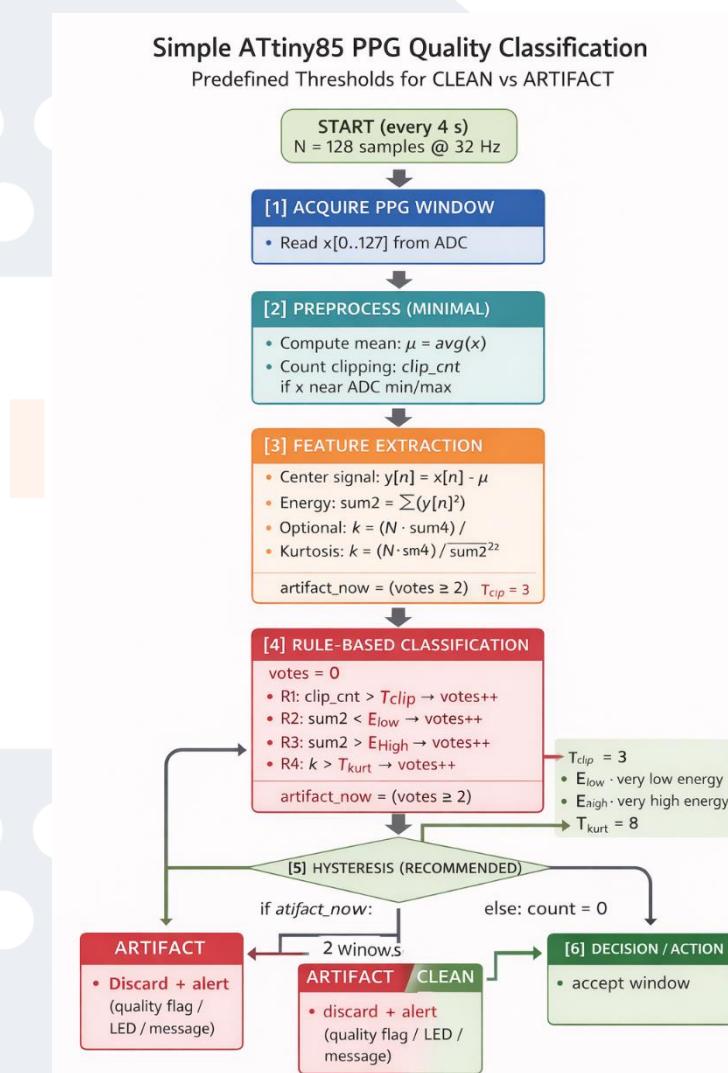
- **Practical problem**

- 1D PPG signal $N(t)$, corrupted by different artifacts classified in the classes $c=[1,2,3,4,5]$ and summarized in two classes [1,2], 1 (Clean), 2 (Corrupted). It is important to know if signal is clean that we can accurately calculate PP1, PP2, PP3...and further features (HR, STDNN, RMSSD etc). Can we by AI determine classes 1,2,3,4,5 and finally 1.2 for signal $N(t)$?



AI pipeline

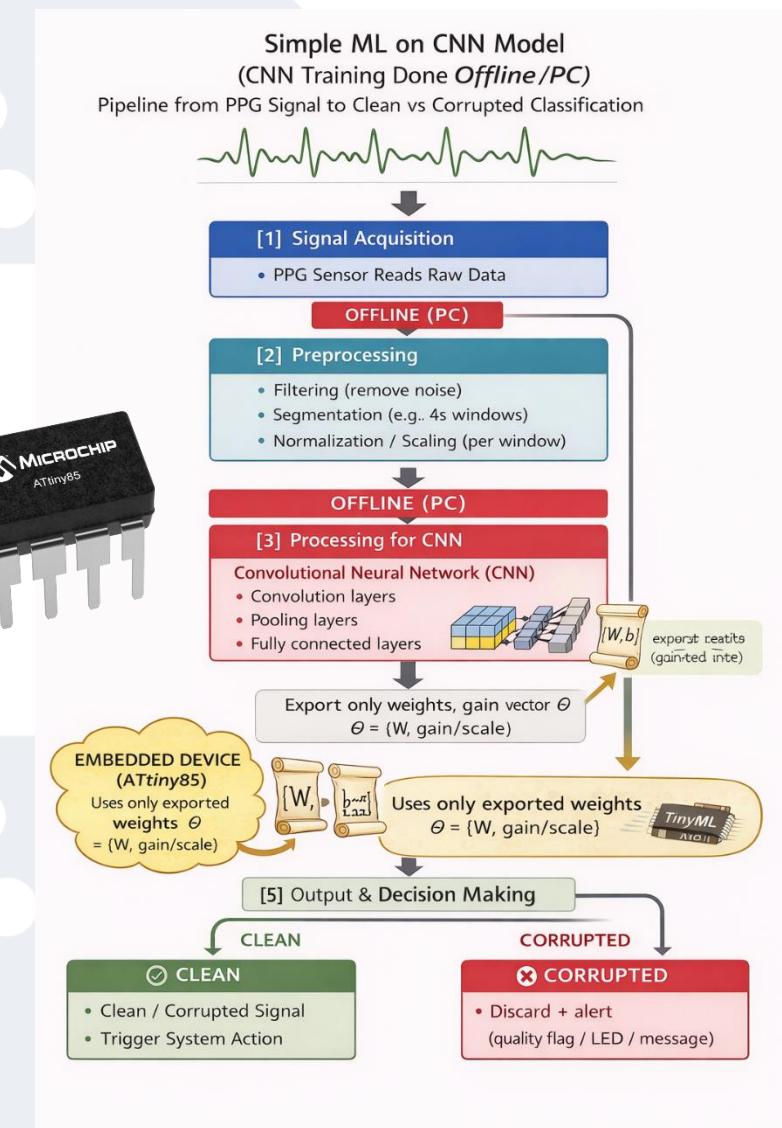
- Scenario: Rule based
- App.: WHC
- Processor: ATTiny85, 20 MHz clock, 8 KB flash, and 512 B SRAM. Has a 10-bit ADC (good for reading PPG), a few I/O pins, and low power modes for battery operation. No floating-point hardware, so use integer math for calculations.
- Rule-based signal processing, small feature extraction, and simple thresholds, limited for neural networks or complex ML.



AI pipeline

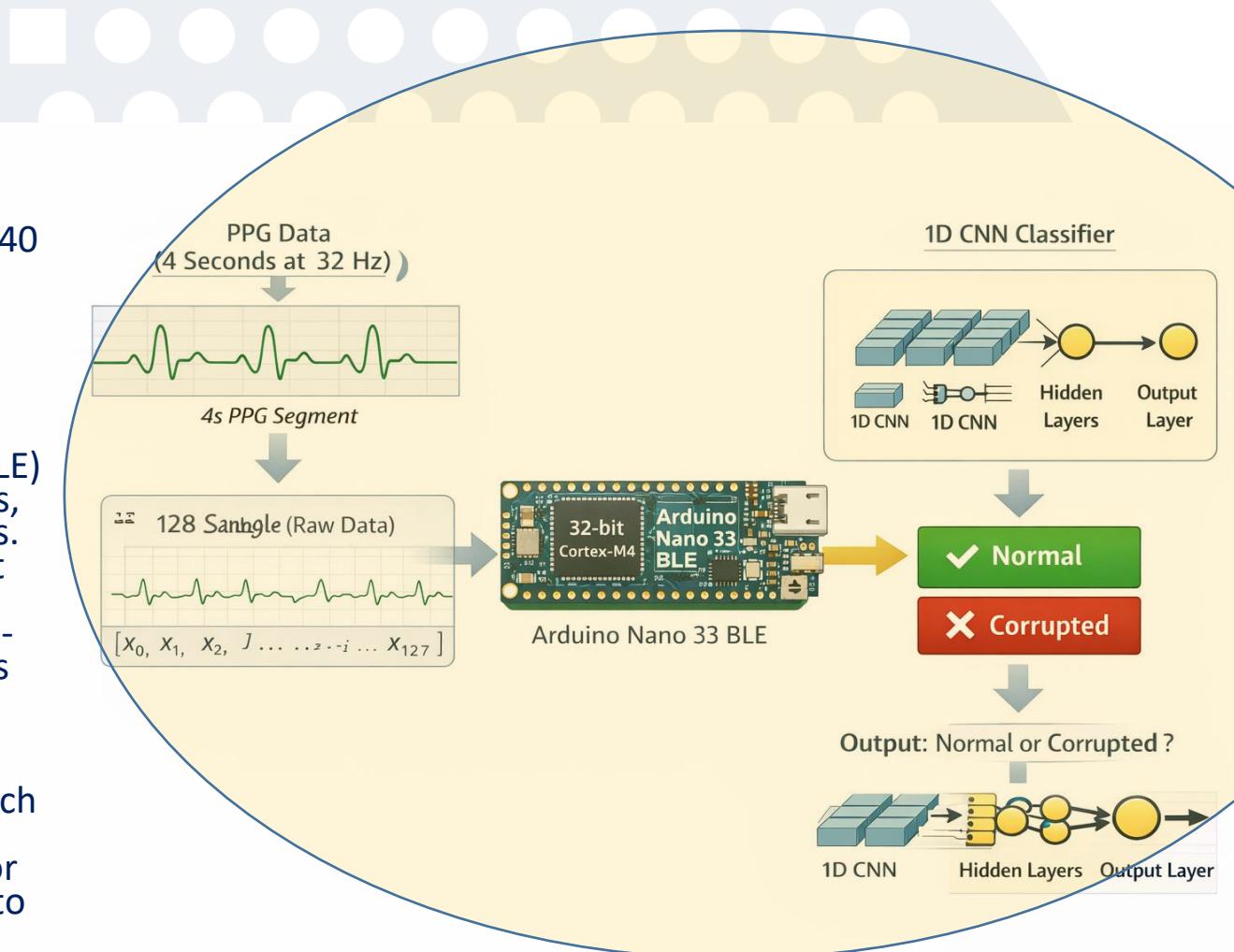
- Scenario: Machine Learning (SML) with Convolution Neural Networks (CNN)

- App.: WHC
- Processor: ATTiny85.
- (3) and (4), off-line PC or Cloud, handle datasets, running Python ML stacks, using a GPU and exporting a tiny model (TFLite/ONNX) or just weights.
- Best options
 1. **PC / Laptop (local) Windows / Linux / macOSTools: Python + PyTorch or TensorFlow/Keras.** Full control, data stays local, repeatable experiments.
 2. **Google Colab**, Cloud, Easy, Free/paid GPUs available. Quick prototyping, sharing notebooks, training small CNNs easily.
 3. **Kaggle Notebooks**, Cloud, Easy) Similar to Colab. Good for running training jobs and keeping datasets organized. “Embedded-friendly” deployment tools (TinyML workflow)
 4. **Edge Impulse**. very popular for TinyML). End-to-end: dataset. DSP/features. Model training. Deployment package, Great for fast pipeline building and exporting to embedded targets. Often used for sensor signals (time-series) like PPG.
 5. **TensorFlow Lite + TFLite Micro toolchain Train in TensorFlow/Keras (PC/Colab)**, export to TFLitef1 MCU is capable (not ATTiny85 usually), you can run inference via TFLite MicroBest for: Cortex-M MCUs (STM32, nRF52, ESP32, etc.). Good in case of preferring “classical ML then convert to rules” that is very good when target ATTiny85.
 6. **Scikit-learn (PC/Colab)** Train Decision Tree / Logistic Regression then export: Decision rules (if-else) weight vector + bias (linear model) This is often the best bridge from ML to tiny 8-bit devices.
 7. **Matlab ML and NN toolboxes**



AI pipeline

- Raw signal AI based CNN
- App.: WHC
- Processor: 32-bit ARM Cortex-M4 MCU (nRF52840 or nRF52833)
- 64 MHz clock. Has 256–512 KB flash and 64 KB SRAM, far more memory than ATtiny85. Includes Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) support, multiple I/O pins, ADCs, and PWM channels. Can handle floating-point math and run TinyML or small neural networks on-device. Low-power modes make it suitable for wearables and battery-operated sensor systems. This makes it much better for real-time PPG processing with TinyML or sensor fusion compared to ATtiny85.



AI pipeline

Scenario: RAW Image

Processor: ATtiny + Grove

Vision AI + MC

ATtiny85:

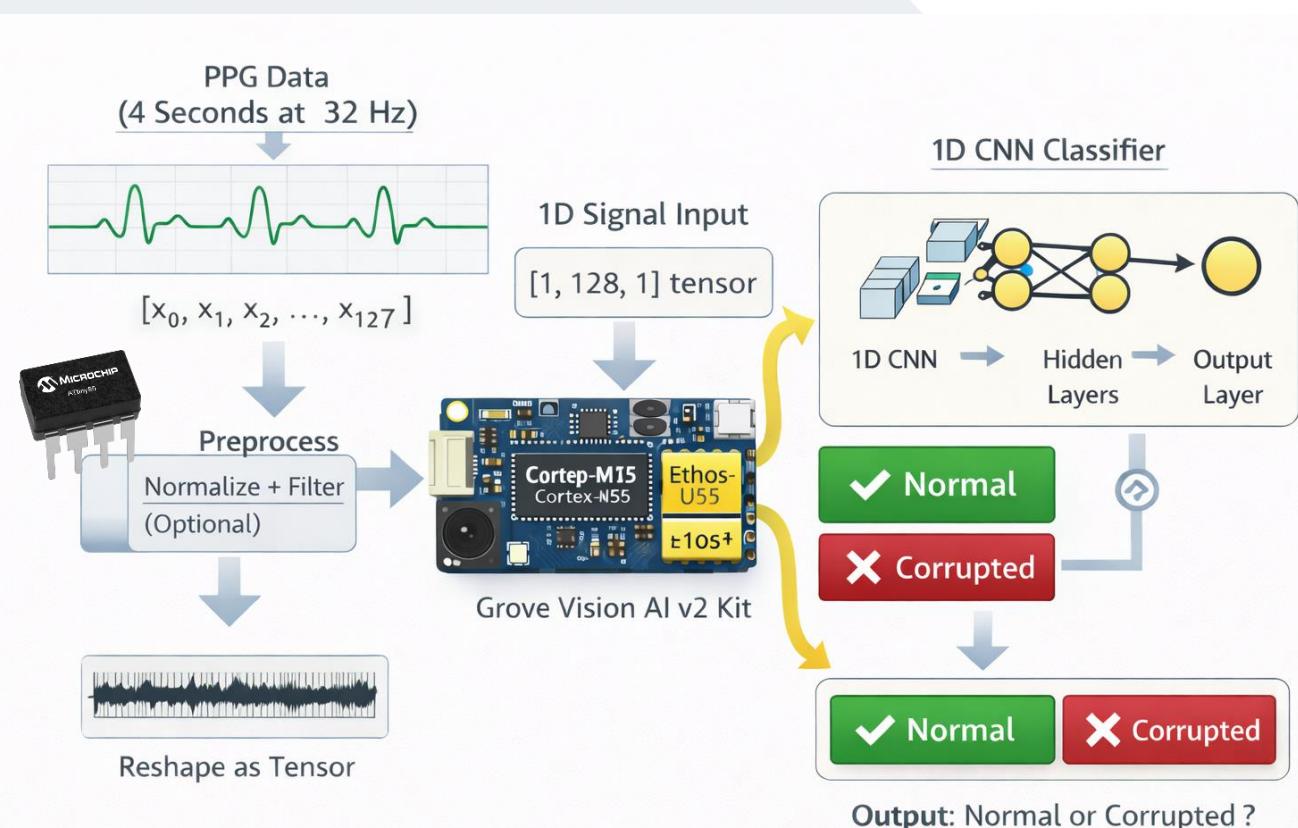
Sample 128 PPG points → store in array. Normalize / scale.

Reshape as 1×128 tensor (array of bytes). Send to Grove Vision AI via UART/I2C

Grove Vision AI:

Receive 1×128 tensor. Feed into 1D CNN on **Cortex-M55 + Ethos-U NPU**. Output Normal / Corrupted

Grove Vision AI v2 Kit is an edge-AI module featuring a dual-core Cortex-M55 CPU and an Ethos-U55 NPU for fast, low-power inference. It supports 1D signals (like PPG or accelerometers) and small images, running TinyML models such as CNNs and dense networks. With 512 KB–1 MB RAM and 1–2 MB flash, it's ideal for battery-powered IoT applications. The kit integrates with Arduino IDE, Edge Impulse, and TensorFlow Lite Micro, making it suitable for real-time signal or vision-based classification and anomaly detection.



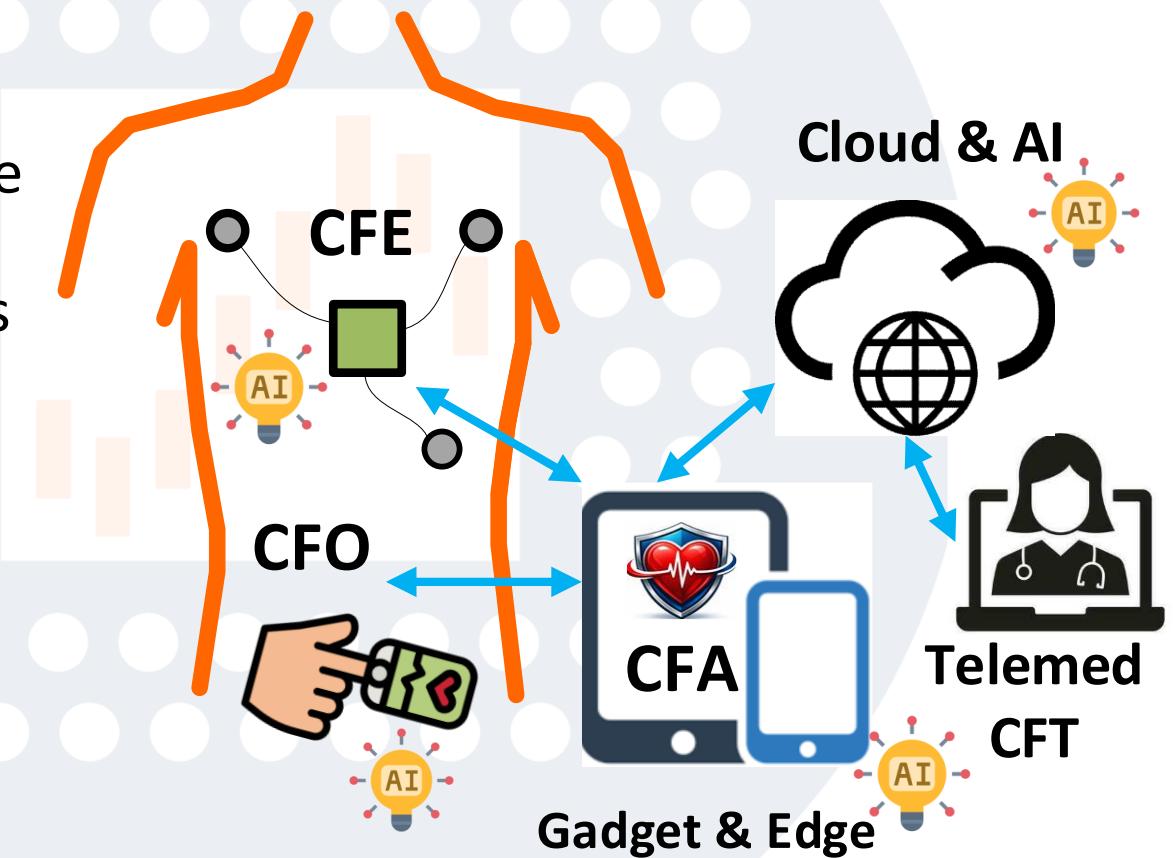
Demonstration

- CardiaFylax. Wearable AI and Telemed supported system for monitoring and analyze of cardiovascular and respiratory parameters



MECO
net

- [Demo Video](#)



CFE – CardioFylax ECG Device, CFO – CardioFylax Oxigen Stauration Device, CFA- CardioFylax Gadget Application, CFT – CardioFylax Telemed Application

Practical Examples

- Jovan Djurkovic, Radovan Stojanovic, MANT, MECOnet,
*Artifacts detection and classification for purposes of ECG
signal acquisition and processing*
- Dubravka Šćekić, Azra Rastoder, Stanka Mišeljić, MSc
students, ETF Podgorica, *AI on the Edge, alati i koncepti
za AloT sisteme*

History perspectives

The principles remain, but their implementation technology change



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ПРАТИТЕ

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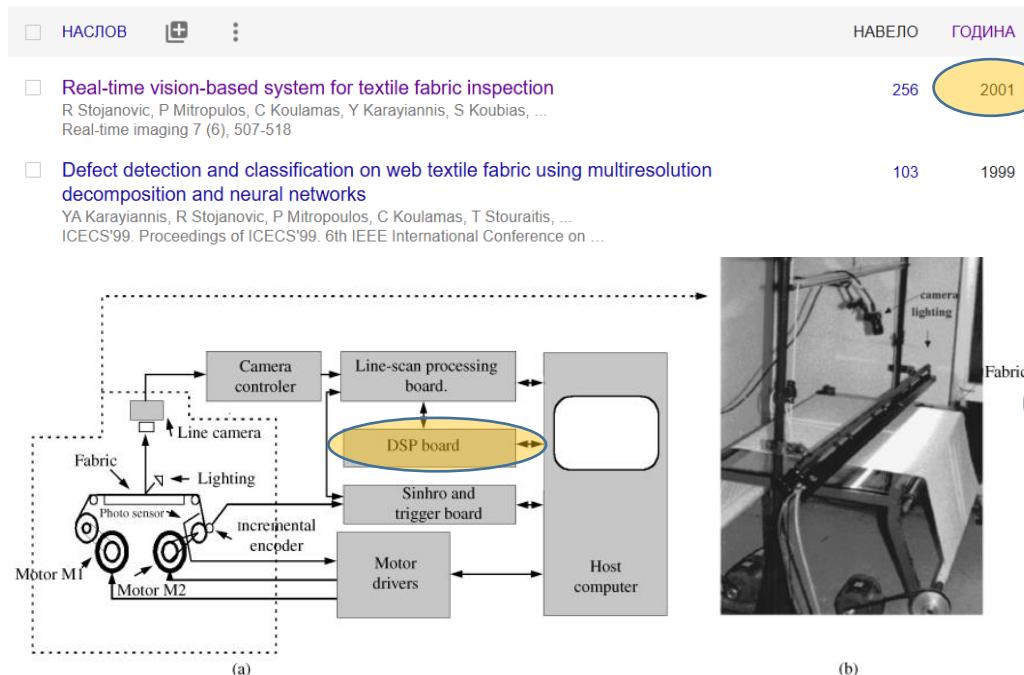


Figure 1. (a) Architecture of the implemented system; (b) unwinding machine.

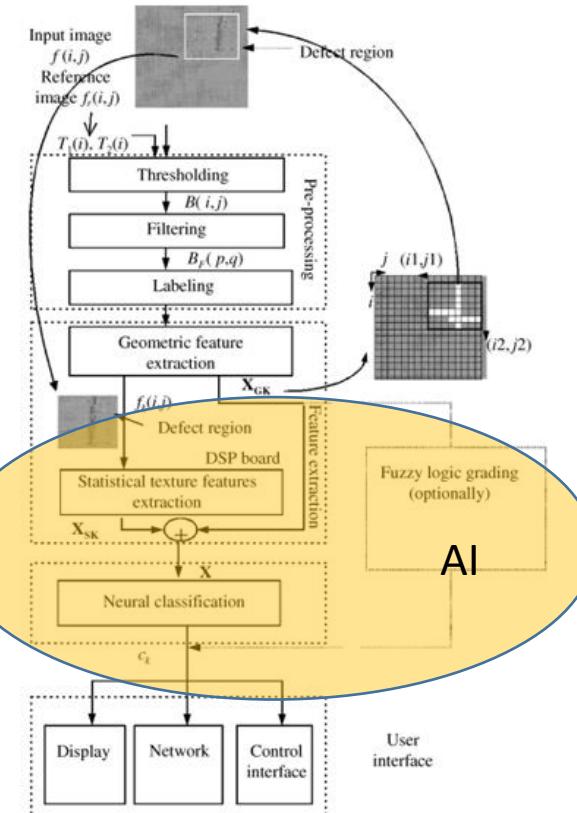


Figure 3. Flow diagram of the proposed inspection algorithm.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This Project

Edukacija o primjeni Vještačke inteligencije u Internetu stvari – AIoT Edu,
Education on the Application of Artificial Intelligence in the Internet of Things,

Contract #: S3EDU-034-25

is supported by

Innovation Fund of Montenegro

for whose support the authors are very grateful



Fond
za inovacije
Crne Gore

Thank you, Q&A?

