

Application of AIoT systems in medicine with emphasis to Wearable HealthCare (WHC)

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Montenegro*

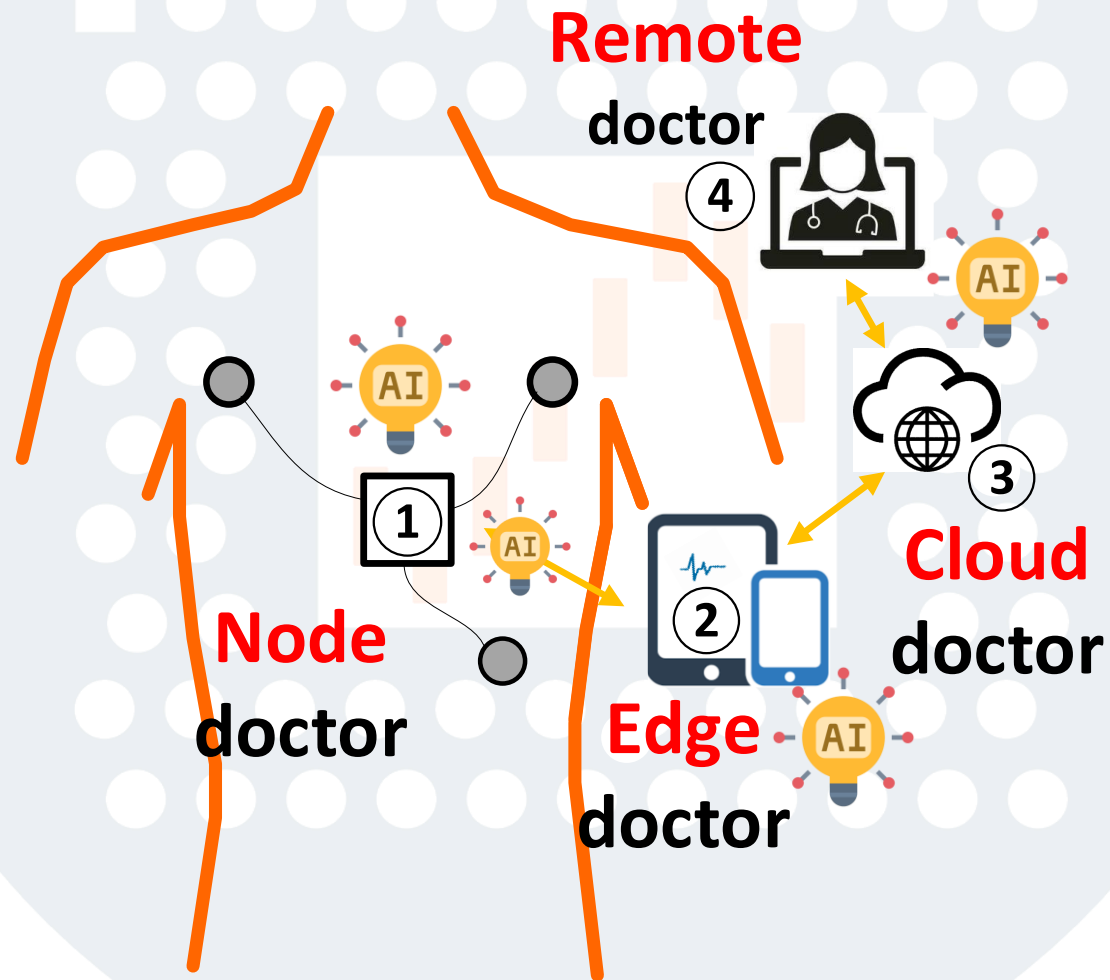


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- AI pipelines
- Demonstration
- Examples
- Conclusion



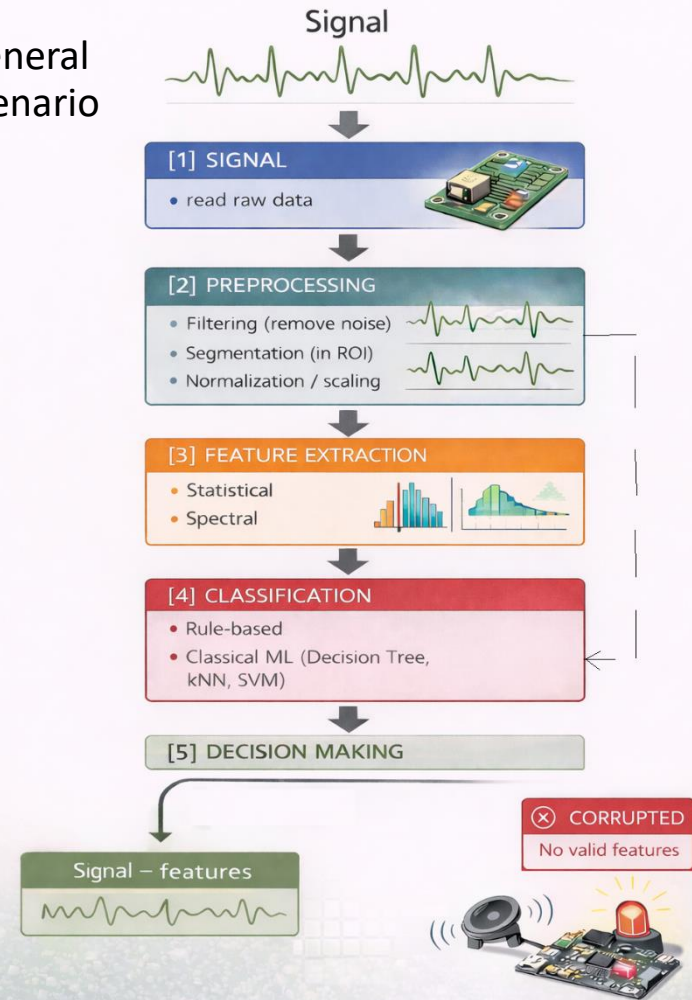
AIoT in WHC



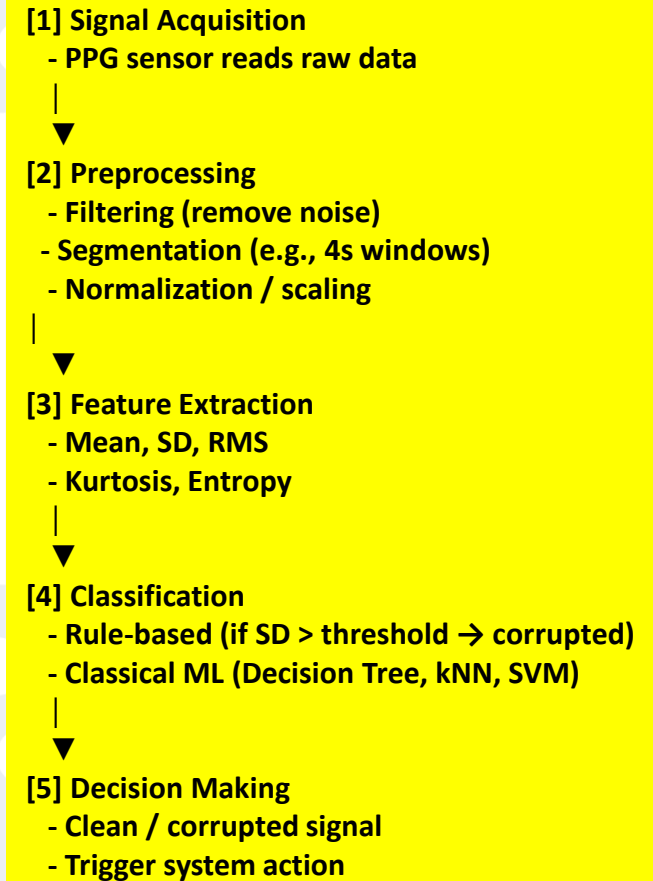
AI pipeline

- General scenario

- PPG signal scenario, $fs=32\text{Hz}$, 4s, 128 samples



PPG Signal



AI pipeline

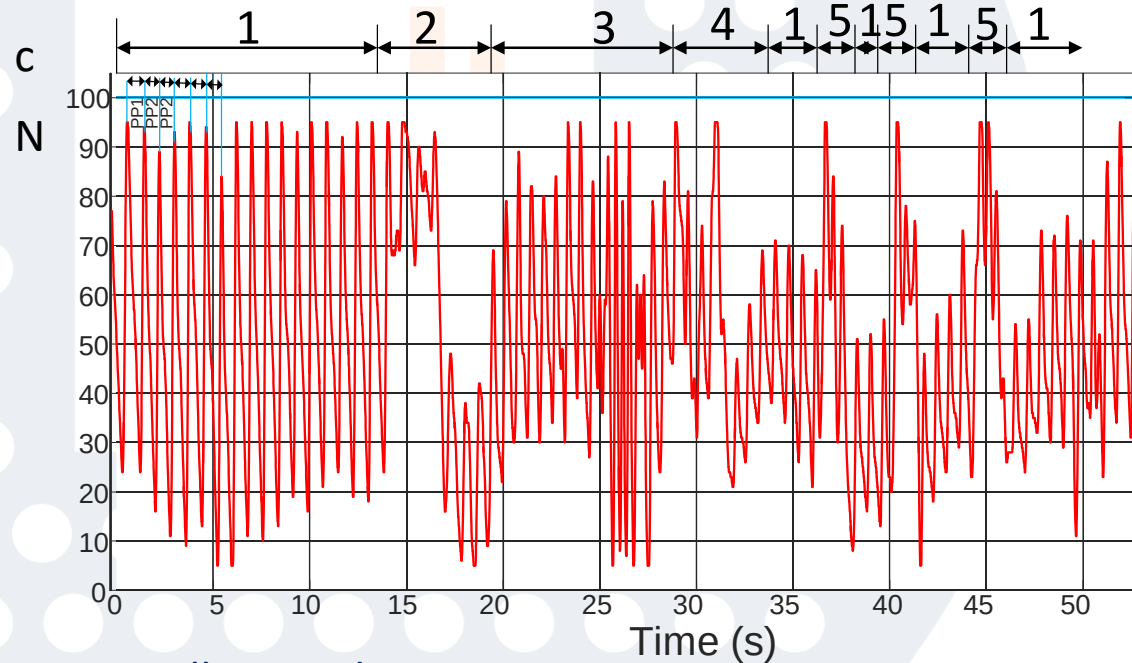
- Historical perspective (BME)

- 1950s–1960s: Signal Acquisition & Filtering
 - First ECG, EEG, and PPG devices
 - Analog filters to remove noise
- 1970s–1980s: Segmentation & Feature Extraction
 - Compute statistical features (mean, SD, RMS, kurtosis)
 - Early digital signal processing applied
- 1960s–1970s: Rule-Based Classification
 - Threshold-based detection
 - Example: "heart rate too high/low → alert"
- 1980s–1990s: Classical Machine Learning (CML)
 - Decision Trees (ID3, 1986)
 - k-Nearest Neighbors (1967)
 - Support Vector Machines (1990s)
- 2010s–Present ——— Embedded Microcontroller Implementation
 - Low-power MCUs: ATtiny85, Arduino
 - Pipelines: segmentation → normalization → feature extraction → rule-based/CML
- 2015s–Present ——— Stronger Architectures & Edge AI
 - 32-bit MCUs: STM32, ESP32
 - Nordic nRF52/nRF53 (Bluetooth + sensors)
 - Grove Vision & AI boards (camera + sensor fusion)
 - Can run lightweight neural networks (TensorFlow Lite, Edge Impulse)
 - More complex pipelines: feature extraction + small neural networks for classification

AI pipeline

- **Practical problem**

- 1D PPG signal $N(t)$, corrupted by different artifacts classified in the classes $c=[1,2,3,4,5]$ and summarized in two classes $[1,2]$, 1 (Clean), 2 (Corrupted). It is important to know if signal is clean that we can accurately calculate PP1, PP2, PP3...and further features (HR, STDNN, RMSSD etc). Can we by AI determine classes 1,2,3,4,5 and finally 1,2 for signal $N(t)$?

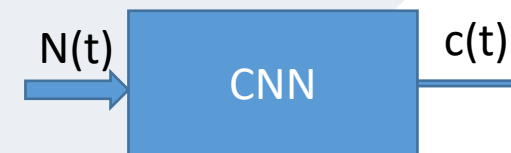


1=Normal signal, 2=Standing up, 3=walking and running

4=Seating down, 5=Cough ->

1=Clean, 2=Corrupted

Recorded by CardiaFylax, MECOnet, 100Hz

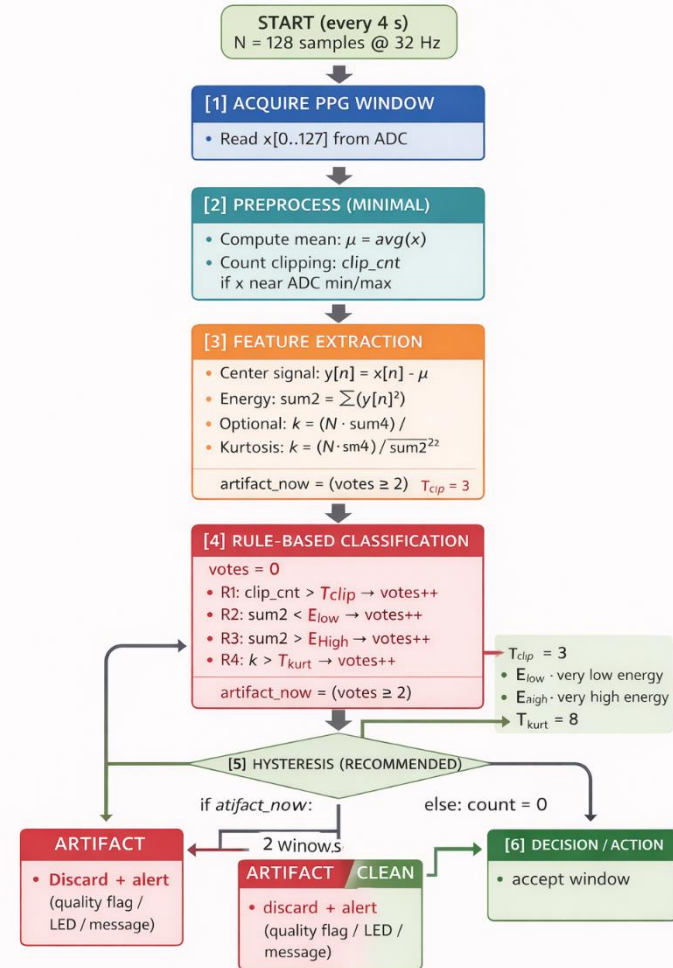


AI pipeline

- Scenario: Rule based
- App.: WHC
- Processor: ATTiny85, 20 MHz clock, 8 KB flash, and 512 B SRAM. Has a 10-bit ADC (good for reading PPG), a few I/O pins, and low power modes for battery operation. No floating-point hardware, so use integer math for calculations.
- Rule-based signal processing, small feature extraction, and simple thresholds, limited for neural networks or complex ML.

Simple ATTiny85 PPG Quality Classification

Predefined Thresholds for CLEAN vs ARTIFACT



AI pipeline

- Scenario: Machine Learning (SML) with Convolution Neural Networks (CNN)

- App.: WHC

- Processor: ATTiny85.

- (3) and (4), off-line PC or Cloud, handle datasets, running Python ML stacks, using a GPU and exporting a tiny model (TFLite/ONNX) or just weights.

- Best options

1. **PC / Laptop (local) Windows / Linux / macOS Tools: Python + PyTorch or TensorFlow/Keras.** Full control, data stays local, repeatable experiments.

2. **Google Colab**, Cloud, Easy, Free/paid GPUs available. Quick prototyping, sharing notebooks, training small CNNs easily.

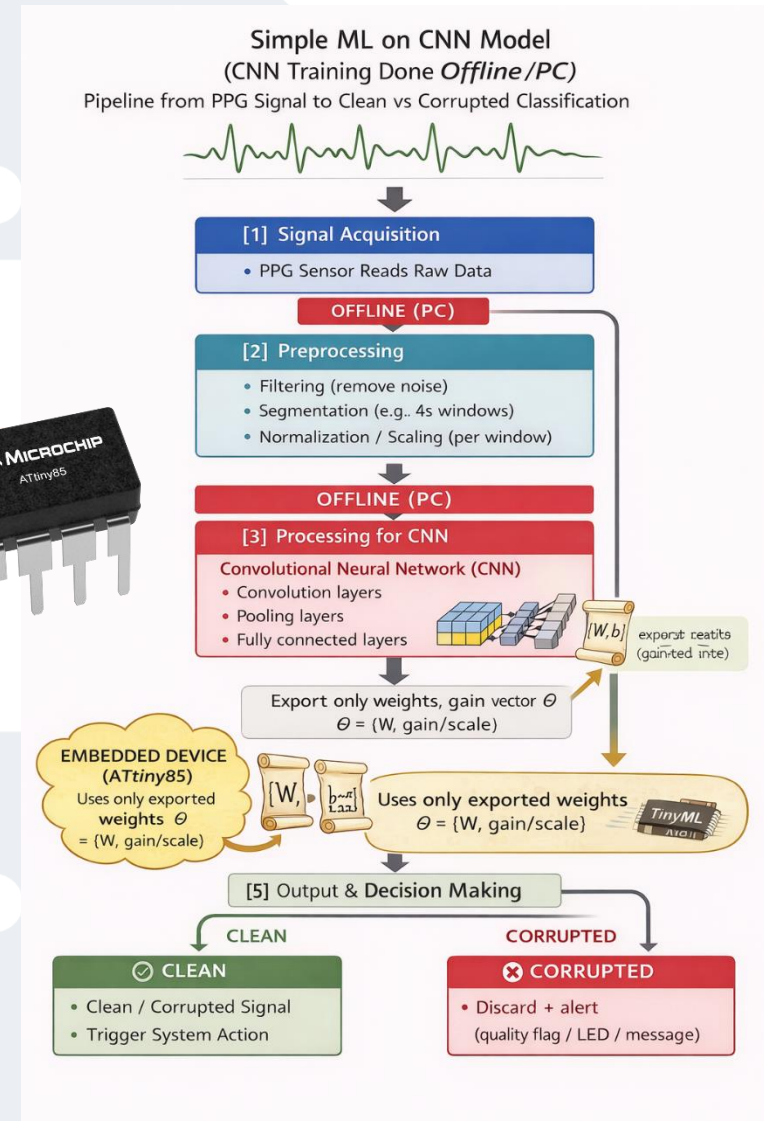
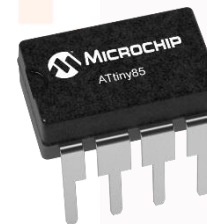
3. **Kaggle Notebooks**, Cloud, Easy) Similar to Colab. Good for running training jobs and keeping datasets organized. "Embedded-friendly" deployment tools (TinyML workflow)

4. **Edge Impulse**. very popular for TinyML). End-to-end: dataset. DSP/features. Model training. Deployment package, Great for fast pipeline building and exporting to embedded targets. Often used for sensor signals (time-series) like PPG.

5. **TensorFlow Lite + TFLite Micro toolchain Train in TensorFlow/Keras (PC/Colab)**, export to TFLite MCU is capable (not ATTiny85 usually), you can run inference via TFLite MicroBest for: Cortex-M MCUs (STM32, nRF52, ESP32, etc.). Good in case of preferring "classical ML then convert to rules" that is very good when target ATTiny85.

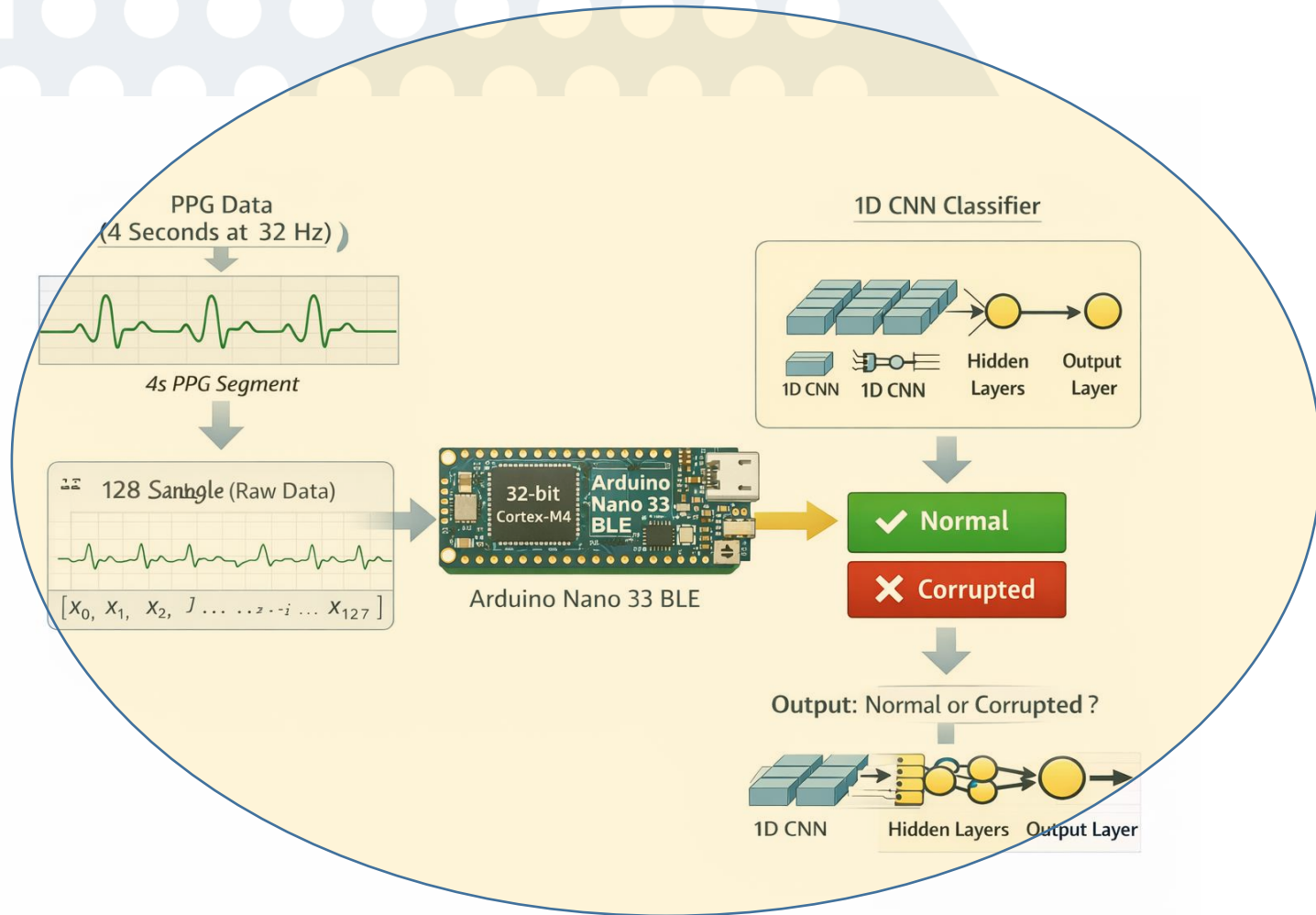
6. **Scikit-learn (PC/Colab)** Train Decision Tree / Logistic Regression then export: Decision rules (if-else) weight vector + bias (linear model) This is often the best bridge from ML to tiny 8-bit devices.

7. **Matlab** ML and NN toolboxes



AI pipeline

- Raw signal AI based CNN
- App.: WHC
- Processor: 32-bit ARM Cortex-M4 MCU (nRF52840 or nRF52833)
- 64 MHz clock. Has 256–512 KB flash and 64 KB SRAM, far more memory than ATtiny85. Includes Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE) support, multiple I/O pins, ADCs, and PWM channels. Can handle floating-point math and run TinyML or small neural networks on-device. Low-power modes make it suitable for wearables and battery-operated sensor systems. This makes it much better for real-time PPG processing with TinyML or sensor fusion compared to ATtiny85.



AI pipeline

Scenario: RAW Image

Processor: ATtiny + Grove

Vision AI + MC

ATtiny85:

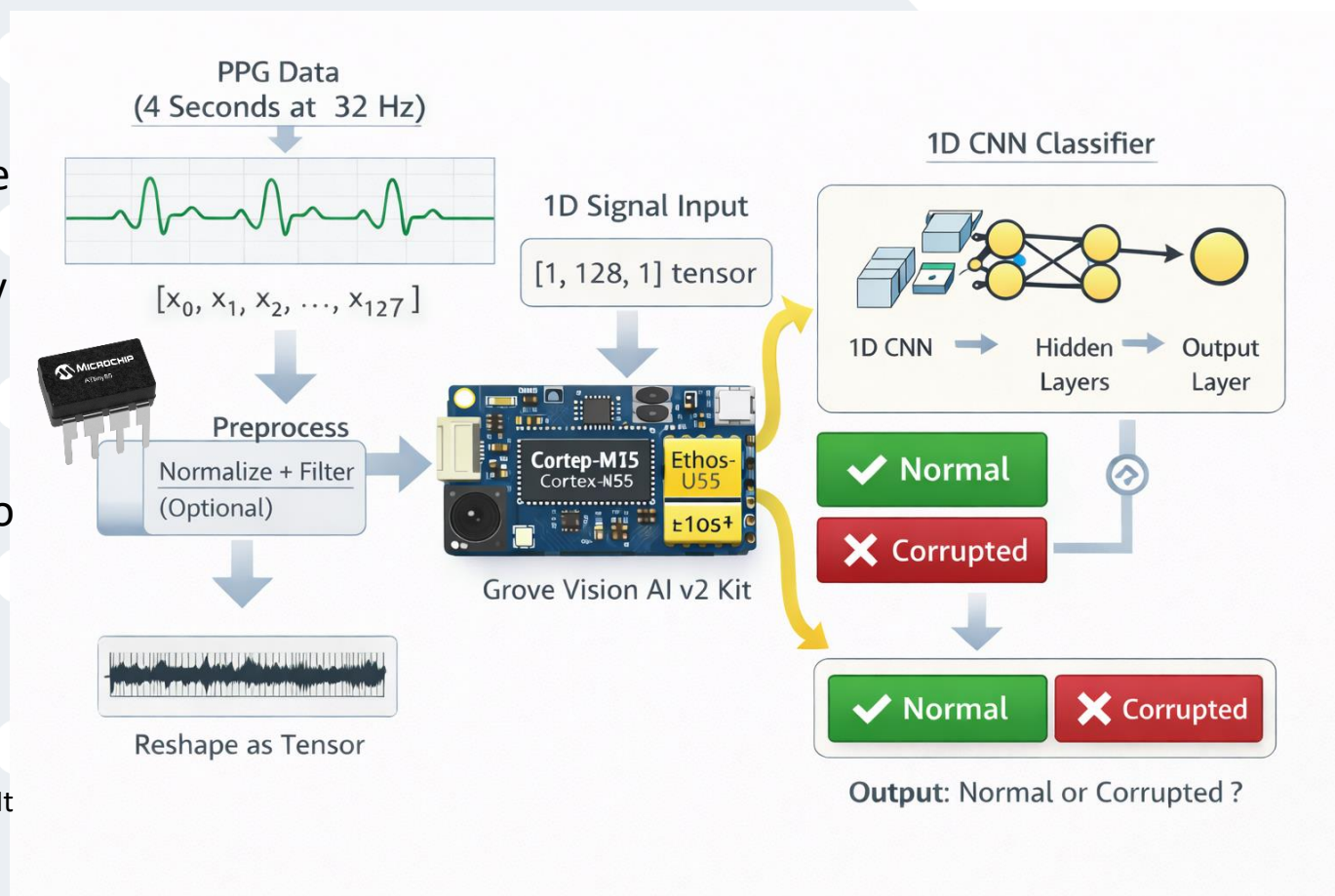
Sample 128 PPG points → store in array. Normalize / scale.

Reshape as 1×128 tensor (array of bytes). Send to Grove Vision AI via UART/I2C

Grove Vision AI:

Receive 1×128 tensor. Feed into 1D CNN on **Cortex-M55 + Ethos-U NPU**. Output Normal / Corrupted

Grove Vision AI v2 Kit is an edge-AI module featuring a dual-core Cortex-M55 CPU and an Ethos-U55 NPU for fast, low-power inference. It supports 1D signals (like PPG or accelerometers) and small images, running TinyML models such as CNNs and dense networks. With 512 KB–1 MB RAM and 1–2 MB flash, it's ideal for battery-powered AIoT applications. The kit integrates with Arduino IDE, Edge Impulse, and TensorFlow Lite Micro, making it suitable for real-time signal or vision-based classification and anomaly detection.



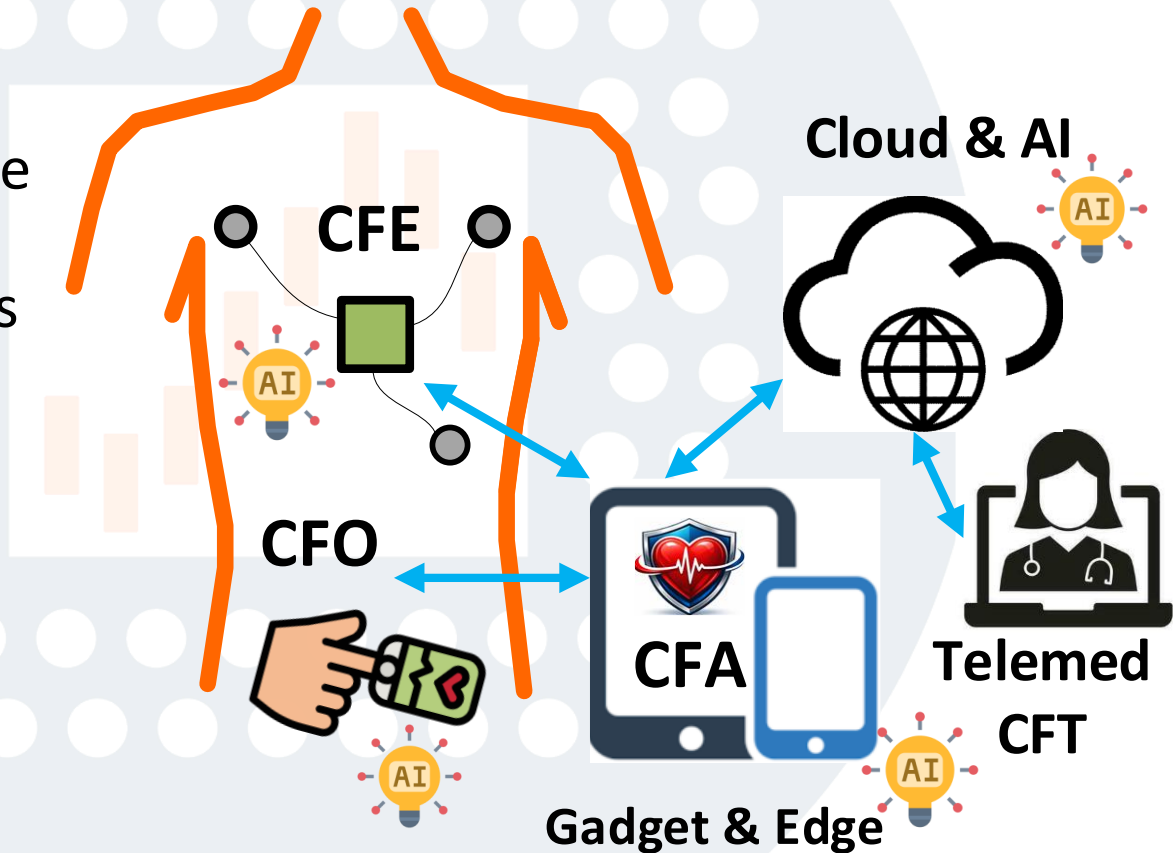
Demonstration

- CardiaFylax. Wearable AI and Telemed supported system for monitoring and analyze of cardiovascular and respiratory parameters



MECO
net

- [Demo Video](#)



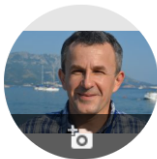
CFE – CardioFylax ECG Device, CFO – CardioFylax Oxygen Saturation Device, CFA- CardioFylax Gadget Application, CFT – CardioFylax Telemed Application

Practical Examples

- Jovan Djurkovic, Radovan Stojanovic, MANT, MECOnet, *Artifacts detection and classification for purposes of ECG signal acquisition and processing*
- Dubravka Šćekić, Azra Rastoder, Stanka Mišeljić, MSc students, ETF Podgorica, *AI on the Edge, alati i koncepti za AIoT sisteme*
- *Studenti Mehatronike [video](#)*

History perspectives

The principles remain, but their implementation technology change



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Верификована је имејл адреса на ucg.ac.me - Почетна страница

digital and analog electronics computing medical electronics instrumentation and measu...



ПРАТИТЕ

НАСЛОВ



НАВЕЛО

ГОДИНА

Real-time vision-based system for textile fabric inspection

R Stojanovic, P Mitropoulos, C Koulamas, Y Karayiannis, S Koubias, ...
Real-time imaging 7 (6), 507-518

256

2001

Defect detection and classification on web textile fabric using multiresolution decomposition and neural networks

YA Karayiannis, R Stojanovic, P Mitropoulos, C Koulamas, T Stouraitis, ...
ICECS'99. Proceedings of ICECS'99. 6th IEEE International Conference on ...

103

1999

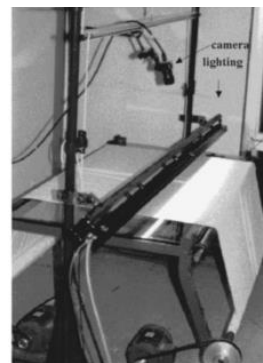
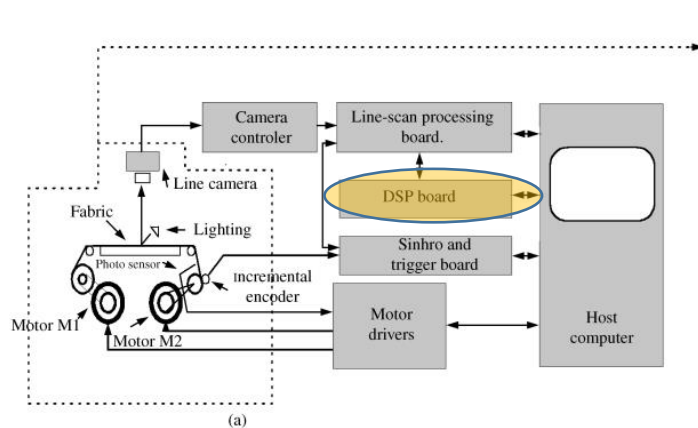


Figure 1. (a) Architecture of the implemented system; (b) unwinding machine.

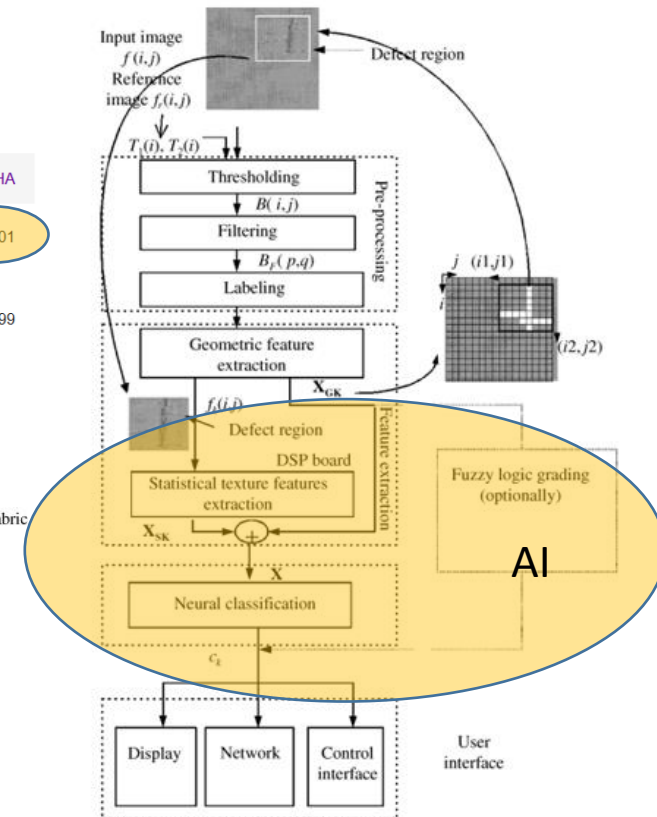
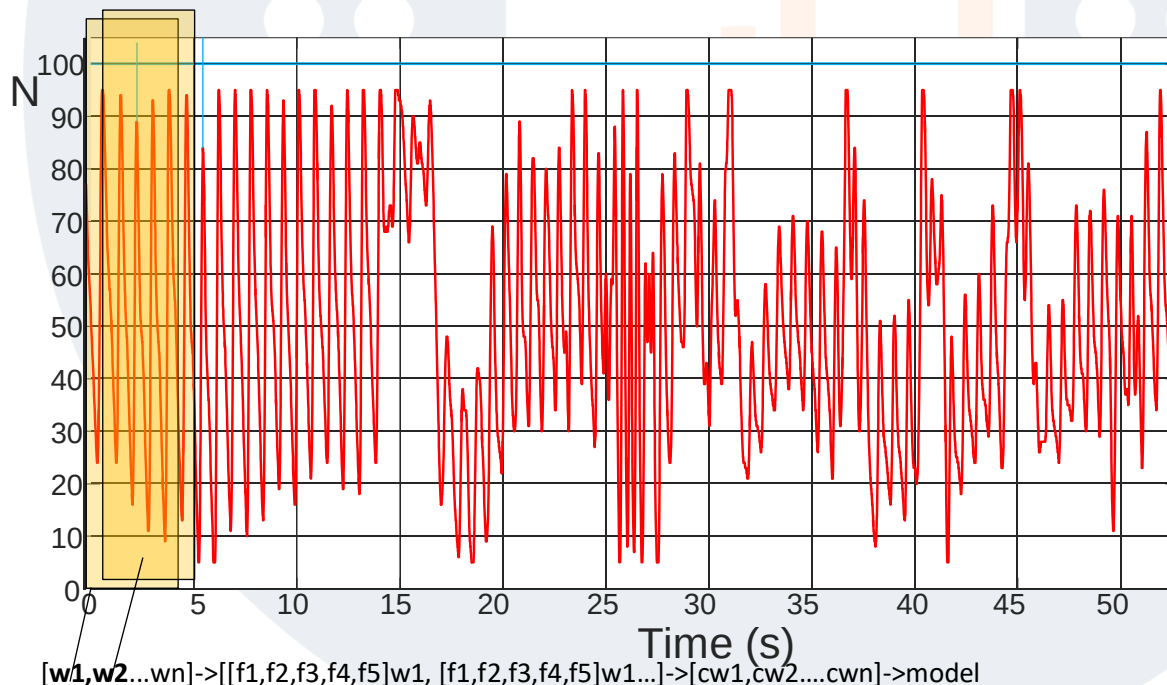


Figure 3. Flow diagram of the proposed inspection algorithm.

Exercise

- Logistic Linear Regression based training in Python and producing AI model for Python and for deployment in any microcontroller as C++ file. Sliding windows based training and checking.



ML Pipeline

Machine Learning Pipeline

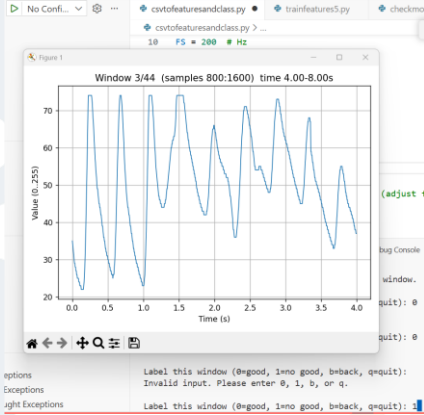


DATA COLLECTION By CardiaWhisper



MECONet CardiaFylax
Oxymeter + APK
Collect data
Export t CSV

FEATURE EXTRACTION IN Python

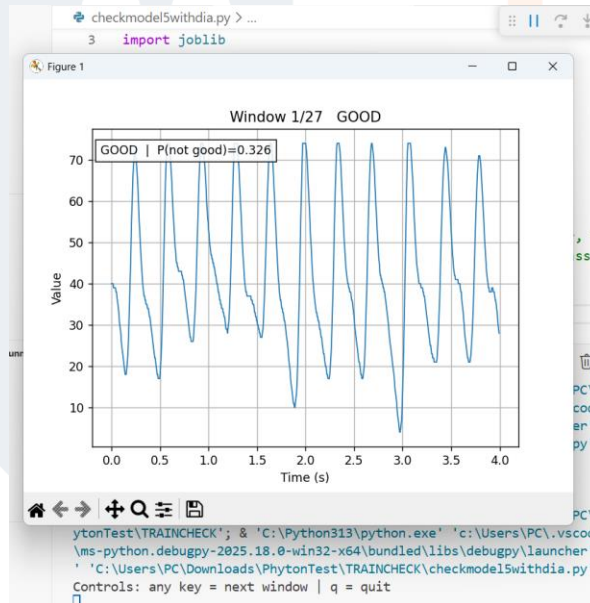


MODEL Training in Python

```
trainfeatures5.py > ...
4
5 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
6 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
7 from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
8 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report
9
10 CSV_FILE = "myppgfeatures.csv"
11 FEATURE_COLS = ["amp_norm", "std_signal", "skew_signal", "kurt_si
12 TARGET_COL = "label" # 0 = good, 1 = no good (as in your window
13
14 MODEL_OUT = "myppgmodel.joblib"
15
16 # ----- LOAD -----
17 df = pd.read_csv(CSV_FILE)
18
19 missing = [c for c in FEATURE_COLS + [TARGET_COL] if c not in df.
20
21 PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL ... Python Debug Console + v [ ] [ ] ...
22 Bias: 0.3383834742663052
23
24 First 10 examples (prob_no_good):
25 i=00 true=0 pred=0 prob=0.129
26 i=01 true=0 pred=0 prob=0.089
27 i=02 true=0 pred=0 prob=0.237
28 i=03 true=0 pred=0 prob=0.118
29 i=04 true=1 pred=0 prob=0.329
30 i=05 true=1 pred=1 prob=0.630
31 i=06 true=1 pred=1 prob=0.784
32 i=07 true=1 pred=0 prob=0.292
```

CardiaWhisperAPK

Check MODEL in Python

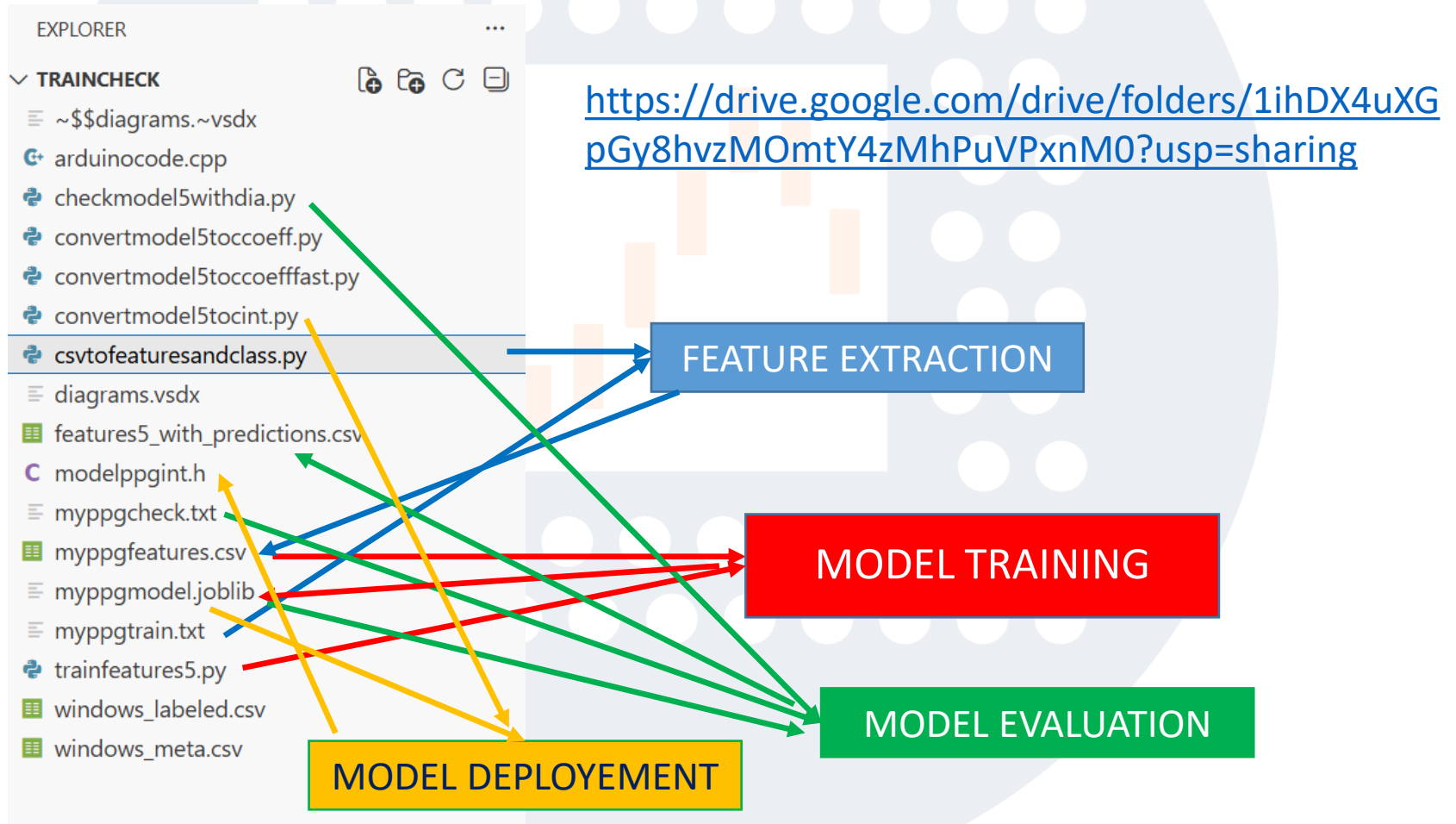


MODEL Deployment in Python

```
checkmodel5withdia.py ...
3 import joblib
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```

ML Pipeline in Py

Use VS Code, install it and install Python



Model pipelines LRC (model)

1. Input signal (PPG window)

Raw PPG samples from `ppg1.txt` (one sliding window).

2. Feature extraction

$x = [\text{amp_norm}, \text{std}, \text{skew}, \text{kurt}, \text{clip}]$

3. Standardization (Scaler)

$$\tilde{x}_i = \frac{x_i - \mu_i}{\sigma_i}$$

4. Linear combination

$$z = w_1 \tilde{x}_1 + \dots + w_5 \tilde{x}_5 + b$$

5. Sigmoid function

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

6. Probability output

$$P(y = 1 \mid x) = \sigma(z)$$

7. Decision threshold

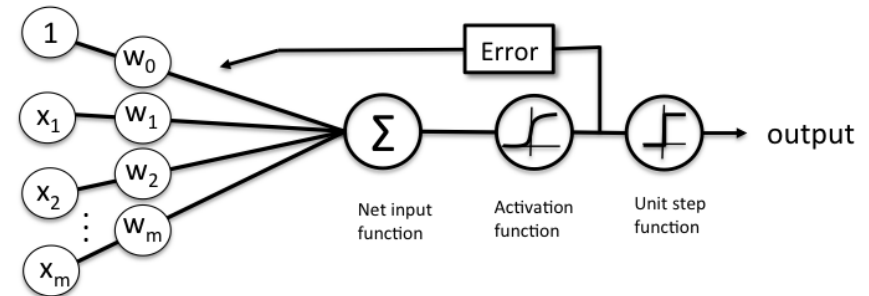
$$P \geq 0.5 \Rightarrow \text{class 1}$$

8. Predicted class

- `0` = GOOD
- `1` = NOT GOOD

9. Visualization / decision

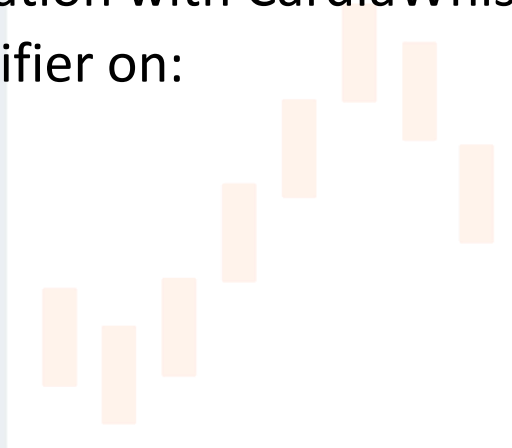
- Raw PPG window
- Label written on plot
- Class vs time diagram



Schematic of a logistic regression classifier.

Assignments

- Collect data set for training with CardiaWhisper
- Collect data set for evaluation with CardiaWhisper
- Develop CNN based classifier on:
 - RAW data
 - Features data
- Output classes:
 - Good signal
 - Bad signal
- Or
 - Caught
 - Running
 - Walking
 - Quite
- Use: Python, Edge impulse



ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This Project

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Education on the Application of Artificial Intelligence in the Internet of Things,

Contract #: S3EDU-034-25

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for whose support the authors are very grateful



Fond
za inovacije
Crne Gore

Thank you, Q&A?